### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of Earliest Event Reported) January 10, 2014

# **Matador Resources Company**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation) 001-35410 (Commission File Number)

5400 LBJ Freeway, Suite 1500, Dallas, Texas (Address of principal executive offices) 75240 (Zip Code) 27-4662601

(IRS Employer Identification No.)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (972) 371-5200

Not Applicable (Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

□ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

□ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

#### Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

Matador Resources Company expects to make presentations concerning its business to potential investors. The materials to be utilized during the presentations are furnished as Exhibit 99.1 hereto and incorporated herein by reference.

The information furnished pursuant to this Item 7.01, including Exhibit 99.1, shall not be deemed to be "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and will not be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, unless specifically identified therein as being incorporated therein by reference.

#### Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description of Exhibit
99.1	Presentation Materials.

#### SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

#### MATADOR RESOURCES COMPANY

Date: January 10, 2014

By: Name: Title: /s/ David E. Lancaster David E. Lancaster

Executive Vice President

Exhibit Index

Exhibit No.

99.1

Description of Exhibit Presentation Materials.



# **Investor Presentation**

January 2014

NYSE: MTDR

### **Disclosure Statements**

Safe Harbor Statement - This presentation and statements made by representatives of Matador Resources Company ("Matador" or the "Company") during the course of this presentation include "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. "Forward-looking statements" are statements related to future, not past, events. Forward-looking statements are based on current expectations and include any statement that does not directly relate to a current or historical fact. In this context, forward-looking statements often address expected future business and financial performance, and often contain words such as "could," "believe," "would," "anticipate," "intend," "estimate," "expect," "may," "should," "continue," "plan," "predict," "potential," "project" and similar expressions that are intended to identify forward-looking statements, although not all forward-looking statements contain such identifying words. Actual results and future events could differ materially from those anticipated in such statements, and such forward-looking statements may not prove to be accurate. These forwardlooking statements involve certain risks and uncertainties, including, but not limited to, the following risks related to our financial and operational performance: general economic conditions; our ability to execute our business plan, including whether our drilling program is successful; changes in oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids prices and the demand for oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids; our ability to replace reserves and efficiently develop our current reserves; our costs of operations, delays and other difficulties related to producing oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids; our ability to make acquisitions on economically acceptable terms; availability of sufficient capital to execute our business plan, including from our future cash flows, increases in our borrowing base and otherwise; weather and environmental conditions; and other important factors which could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated or implied in the forward-looking statements. For further discussions of risks and uncertainties, you should refer to Matador's SEC filings, including the "Risk Factors" section of Matador's most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K and any subsequent Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. Matador undertakes no obligation and does not intend to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this presentation, except as required by law, including the securities laws of the United States and the rules and regulations of the SEC. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this presentation. All forward-looking statements are qualified in their entirety by this cautionary statement.

Cautionary Note – The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) permits oil and gas companies, in their filings with the SEC, to disclose only proved, probable and possible reserves. Potential resources are not proved, probable or possible reserves. The SEC's guidelines prohibit Matador from including such information in filings with the SEC.

**Definitions** – Proved oil and natural gas reserves are the estimated quantities of oil and natural gas which geological and engineering data demonstrate with reasonable certainty to be recoverable in future years from known reservoirs under existing economic and operating conditions. Matador's production and proved reserves are reported in two streams: oil and natural gas, including both dry and liquids-rich natural gas. Where Matador produces liquids-rich natural gas, the economic value of the natural gas liquids associated with the natural gas is included in the estimated wellhead natural gas price on those properties where the natural gas liquids are extracted and sold. Estimated ultimate recovery (EUR) is a measure that by its nature is more speculative than estimates of proved reserves prepared in accordance with SEC definitions and guidelines and is accordingly less certain.

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# **Company Summary**

# **Matador History**

Foran Oil & Matador Petroleum		
Founded by log Foran in 1983 – most participants are still shareholders today.		
<ul> <li>Founded by Joe Foran in 1983 – most participants are still shareholders today.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Foran Oil funded with \$270,000 in contributed capital from 17 friends and family members</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Sold to Tom Brown, Inc.<sup>(1)</sup> in June 2003 for an enterprise value of \$388 million in an all-cash transaction</li> </ul>		
Matador Today		
Matador Resources Company		
- Founded by Joe Foran in 2003 with \$6 million and a proven management and technical team and board of direct		
<ul> <li>Grown entirely through the drill bit, with focus on unconventional reservoir plays, initially in Haynesville</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>In 2008, sold Haynesville rights in approximately 9,000 net acres to Chesapeake for approximately \$180 million; retained 25% participation interest, carried working interest and overriding royalty interest</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Redeployed capital into the Eagle Ford, relatively early in the play, acquiring over 30,000 net acres for approximately \$100 million, mainly in 2010 and 2011</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>2012 and 2013 capital spending focused primarily on developing Eagle Ford and transitioning to oil</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>IPO in February 2012 (NYSE: MTDR) had net cash proceeds of approximately \$136 million</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Follow-on Offering in September 2013 had net cash proceeds of approximately \$142 million</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>CAGR since 2008 – Average Daily Production (54%)<sup>(2)</sup>, Revenues (62%)<sup>(2)</sup> and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(3)</sup> (56%)<sup>(4)</sup></li> </ul>		

(2) Through first nine months of 2013. See Financial Overview. (3) Adjusted EBITDA is a non-CAAP financial measure. For a definition of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to our net income (loss) and net cash provided by operating activities, see Appendix. (4) For the last twelve months ended September 30, 2013. See page 51.





### **Company Overview**

Completed IPO of 14,883,334 shares (12,209,167 primary) including overallotment at \$12.00/share in March 2012 and Follow-on Offering of 9,775,000 shares including overallotment at \$15.25/share in September 2013

Exchange: Ticker	NYSE: MTDR	
Shares Outstanding <sup>(1)</sup>	65.6 million common shares	
Share Price <sup>(2)</sup>	\$19.39/share	
Market Capitalization <sup>(2)</sup>	~\$1.3 billion	

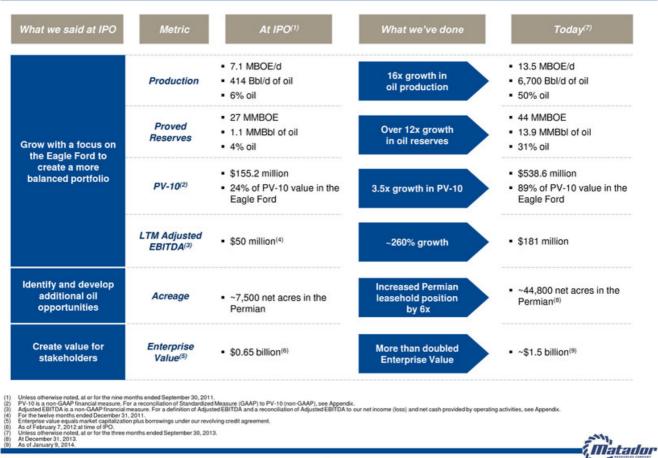
2012 Actual	2013 Guidance
\$335 million	\$370 million
1.214 million barrels	2.0 to 2.1 million barrels
12.5 billion cubic feet	12.0 to 13.0 billion cubic feet
\$156.0 million	\$250 to \$270 million <sup>(3)</sup>
\$115.9 million	\$180 to \$190 million <sup>(3)</sup>
	1.214 million barrels 12.5 billion cubic feet \$156.0 million

 As reported in the Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2013 field on November 8, 2013.
 As of January 9, 2014.
 Estimated 2013 of and natural gas revenues and Adjusted EBITDA based upon production guidance range as updated on November 6, 2013. Guidance includes actual results for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and estimated results for the remainder of 2013. Estimated average realized prices for oil and natural gas used in these estimates were \$96.00 Bbl and \$4.30 Mcf, respectively, for the period October through December 2013.
 Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. For a definition of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to our net income (loss) and net cash provided by operating activities, see Appendix. matador



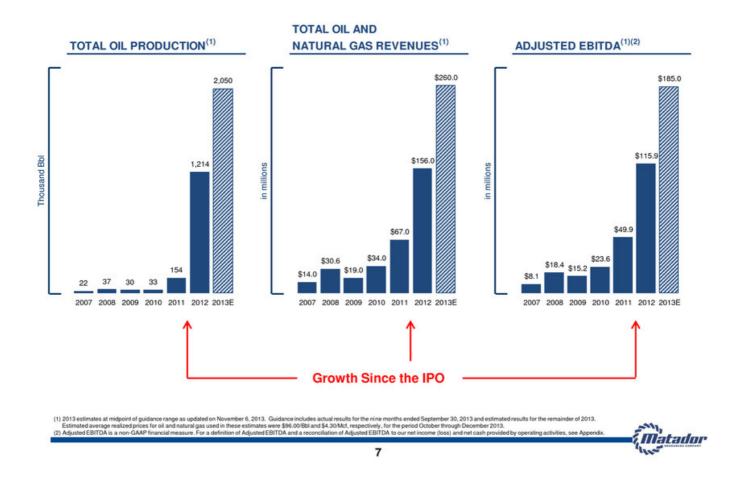
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## Matador Execution History – IPO (February 7, 2012) vs. Today



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# **Matador's Continued Growth**



## 2013 was an Excellent Year for Matador!

- Technical improvements in all aspects of our Eagle Ford operations resulting in better wells for less money!
  - Drilling times and costs per well decreased significantly
  - Improved hydraulic fracture treatment designs yielding better EURs per well
  - Flowback and production (gas-lift) operations resulting in better early well performance
  - Began initial downspacing tests and early results are encouraging
- Built a significant acreage position in the emerging Permian Basin play and initiated exploration and operations
  - Increased Permian acreage<sup>(1)</sup> position to ~70,800 gross (~44,800 net) acres during 2013
  - Initial drilling results encouraging; running one rig continuously and plan to do so throughout 2014
- Oil production growth of ~75%
  - Approximately 2.1 million barrels in 2013, as compared to 1.2 million barrels in 2012
- Expected Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(2)</sup> growth of ~60%
  - Estimated \$180 to \$190 million in 2013, as compared to \$115.9 million in 2012
- Completed a successful equity offering of 9.775 million shares in September 2013
  - Strong balance sheet and simple capital structure; no high-yield debt or convertibles
  - Debt outstanding of \$200 million at December 31, 2013; ~1.1x estimated 2013 Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(2)</sup>
- MTDR share price up 127% during 2013
  - One of the top performers in the Russell 2000 Energy Index in 2013
  - Recent equity offering has resulted in significant increase in trading liquidity

(1) At December 31, 2013. (2) Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. For a definition of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to our net income (loss) and net cash provided by operating activities, see Appendix.



## **Keys to Matador's Success**

### People

- We have a strong, committed technical and financial team in place, and we continue to make additions and improvements to our staff and our capabilities
- Board and Special Advisor additions have strengthened Board skills and stewardship

### Properties

- Matador's acreage positions and multi-year drilling inventory are significant and located in three of the industry's best plays – Eagle Ford, Permian and Haynesville
- Our property mix provides us with a balanced opportunity set for both oil and natural gas

### Process

- Continuous improvement in all aspects of our business leading to better production and financial results and increased shareholder value
- Gaining experience in being a publicly-held company

### Execute

- Increase oil production from 2 million barrels of oil to 3 million barrels of oil
- Maintain quality acreage position in the Eagle Ford, Permian and Haynesville
- Maintain strong financial position



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# Matador Resources Company Overview



Market Capitalization <sup>(1)</sup>	~\$1.3 billion
Average Daily Production <sup>(2)</sup>	11,663 BOE/d
Oil (% total)	5,584 Bbl/d (48%)
Natural Gas (% total)	36.5 MMcf/d (52%)
Proved Reserves @ 9/30/2013	44.2 million BOE
% Proved Developed	37%
% Oil	31%
2013E CapEx	\$370 million
% South Texas	~72%
% Oil and Liquids	~97%
Gross Acreage <sup>(3)</sup>	215,683 acres
Net Acreage <sup>(3)</sup>	134,138 acres
Engineered Drilling Locations <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	1,105 gross / 558.6 net
Eagle Ford	270 gross / 222.7 net
Permian	235 gross / 171.8 net
Haynesville/Cotton Valley	600 gross / 164.1 net

(1) (2) (3) (4) (5)

Market capitalization based on shares outstanding and closing share price as of January 9, 2014. Average daily production for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. At December 31, 2013. Presented as of November 30, 2013. Identified and engineered Tier 1 and Tier 2 locations identified for potential future drilling, including specified production units and estimated lateral lengths, costs and well spacing using objective criteria for designation.



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# **Eagle Ford**

South Texas

# 2014 South Texas Plan Details

#### 2014 projected capital expenditures of ~\$318 million or ~72% of total

- 2-rig program with almost all of the 2014 South Texas capital budget directed to the Eagle Ford shale
- Drill and/or complete or participate in 50 gross (47.0 net) wells; 43 gross (40.0 net) wells turned to sales
- Includes \$13.5 million for additional land/seismic and facilities
- 2014 Eagle Ford program is development drilling, with most locations planned at 40-acre spacing
- No Upper Eagle Ford tests currently planned for 2014

#### One exploratory Buda test planned at Glasscock Ranch

- Location to be selected from seismic data shot over Glasscock Ranch during 2013
- Looking to extend trend of encouraging Buda drilling nearby, particularly southwest of Glasscock Ranch

#### Key objectives of 2014 South Texas plan

- Further improvement in operational efficiencies and well performance in the Eagle Ford
  - Batch drilling to continue reducing drilling times and costs; plan to pick up second "walking" rig
  - Continue to improve and optimize stimulation operations increased fluid and proppant volumes, reduced cluster spacing and additional stages, as needed
  - Continue to optimize artificial lift program gas lift to rod pump implementations
  - Reduce LOE throughout all properties
- Successful implementation of 40-acre downspacing across acreage position
- Continue to add to acreage position as opportunities arise, particularly in and near existing properties



# **Eagle Ford Overview**

#### 57 gross (50 net) wells<sup>(1)</sup> currently producing from the Eagle Ford

- An increase in oil production from ~330 Bbl/d<sup>(2)</sup> to ~6,700 Bbl/d(3)
- 270 gross (222.7 net) engineered drilling locations identified for potential future drilling<sup>(4)(5)</sup>
- 2014 South Texas Drilling Plan
  - Continuing a two-rig program in the Eagle Ford
  - \$318 million CapEx (including facilities, land and seismic)
  - Drill 50 gross wells (45 operated)
  - Complete 45 gross wells (43 operated)
  - Turn 43 gross wells to sales (38 operated)
  - Approximately 5-10% of yearly production capacity shut-in during 2014

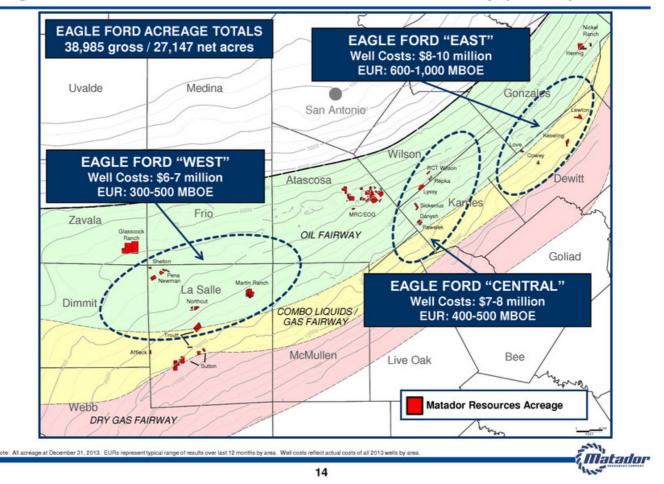
#### **Operations Summary**

Proved Reserves @ 9/30/2013	17.9 million BOE
% Proved Developed	55%
% Oil	75%
Daily Oil Equivalent Production <sup>(3)</sup>	7,865 BOE/d (70% Oil)
Gross Acres <sup>(6)</sup>	38,985 acres
Net Acres <sup>(6)</sup>	27,147 acres
2014E CapEx Budget	\$318 million
Engineered Drilling Locations <sup>(4)(5)</sup>	270 gross (222.7 net)

At December 11, 2013. For the year ended December 31, 2011. For the year ended December 30, 2013. Presented as of November 30, 2013. Presented as of November 30, 2013. Stentified and engineered Tier 1 and Tier 2 locations identified for potential future driling, including specified production units and estimated lateral lengths, Stentified and engineered Tier 1 and Tier 2 locations identified for potential future driling. Matador

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# Eagle Ford Well Costs and Estimated Ultimate Recovery ("EUR")



# **Operational Improvements**

#### Overview

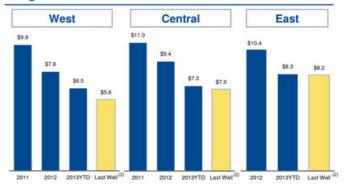
- Experience in the Eagle Ford has led to significant reductions in drilling days and well costs
- · Drilling from four-well batch drilled pads yields additional savings

Eagle Ford Drilling Days(1) West Central East 19.2 20.1 24.7 18.8 18.9 15.0 18.0 12.6 11.3 2013YTD Last Wei 2013YTD 2013YTD Last W 2012 2012 Last V

#### Four-Well Batch Drilled Pad vs. Single-Well Pad

Cost Savings	
Rig Moves	~\$115,000
Location	~\$60,000
Drilling Efficiencies	~\$125,000
Total Per Well Cost Savings	~\$300,000

#### Eagle Ford Total Well Cost<sup>(1)</sup>

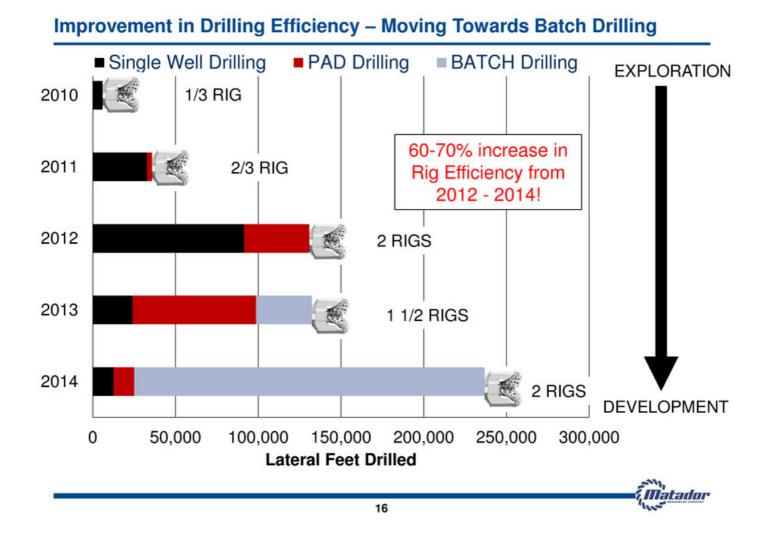


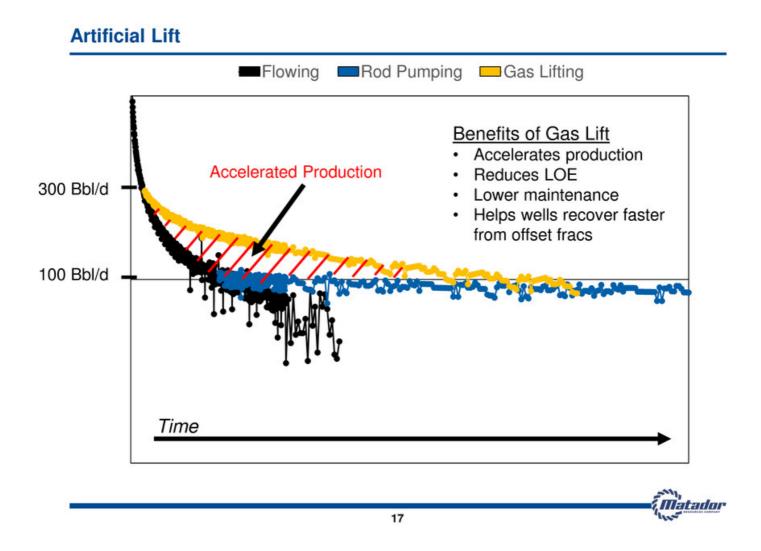
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"2013 YTD" and "Last Well" -Excludes any/all wells drilled Reflects the most recent drille As of N

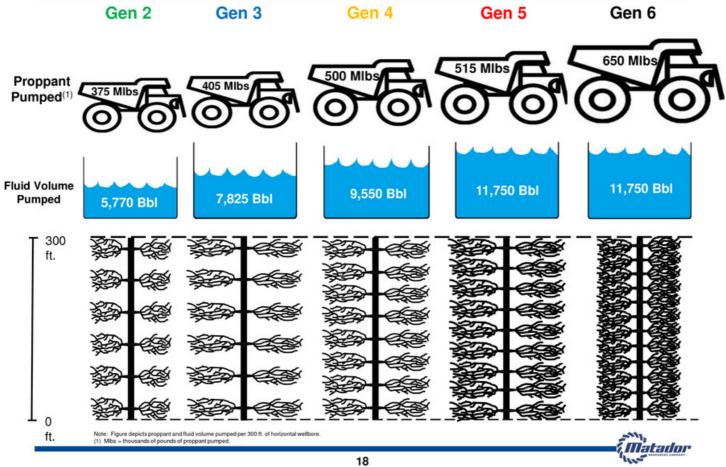
ber 6, 2013. Year classification is based on spud date. Ie. Delling days are from spud to total depth. ted development well – excludes a well that is burdened with extra costs associated with drilling the first well on any given lease. For example: constructing a frac pit, ted development well – excludes a well that is burdened with extra costs associated with drilling the first well on any given lease. For example: constructing a frac pit, No (1) (2) Exclu Refle

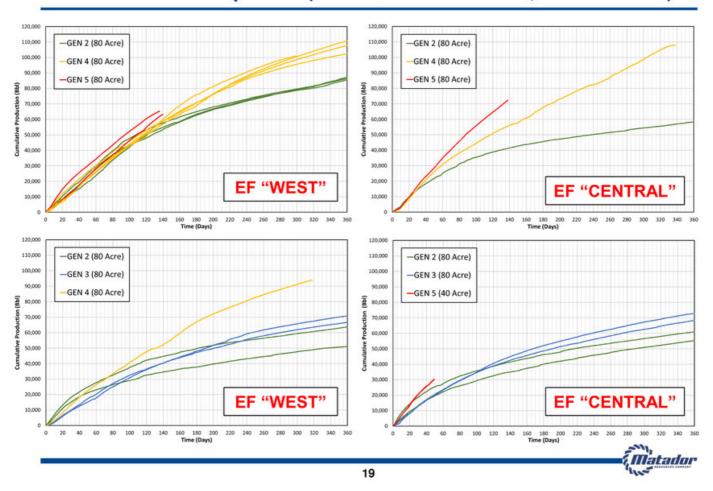






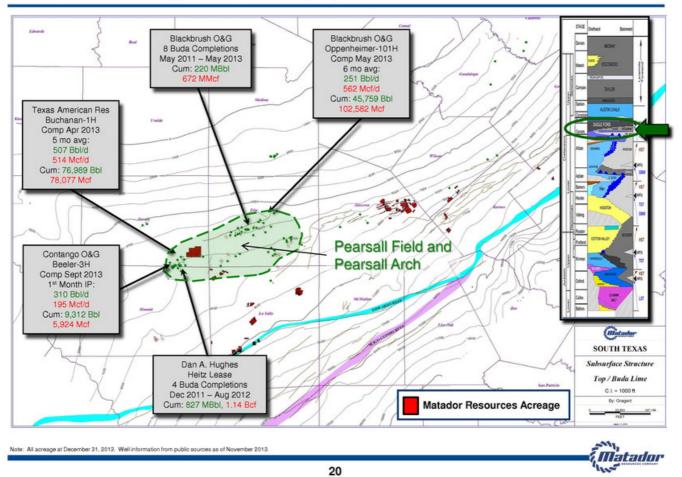
# **Evolution of Matador Frac Design**



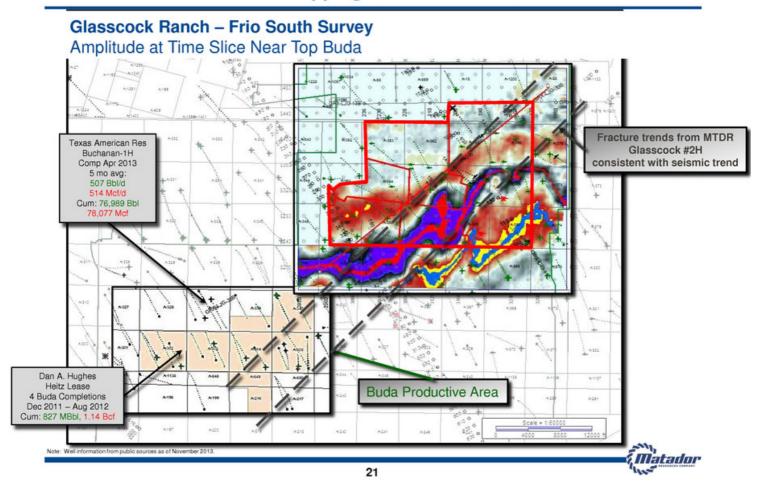


# Frac Generation Comparison (all wells normalized to 5,000' horizontal)





### **Glasscock Ranch Seismic Mapping of Natural Fracture Trends**





# **Permian Basin**

Southeast New Mexico and West Texas

# 2014 Permian Basin Plan Details

#### 2014 projected capital expenditures of ~\$109 million or ~25% of total

- 1-rig program working in Lea and Eddy Counties, NM and Loving County, TX
- Drill and/or complete or participate in 12 gross (9.8 net) wells; 10 gross (8.3 net) wells turned to sales
- Includes \$30 million for additional land/seismic and facilities
- Completion targets include various Bone Spring and Wolfcamp intervals across acreage position

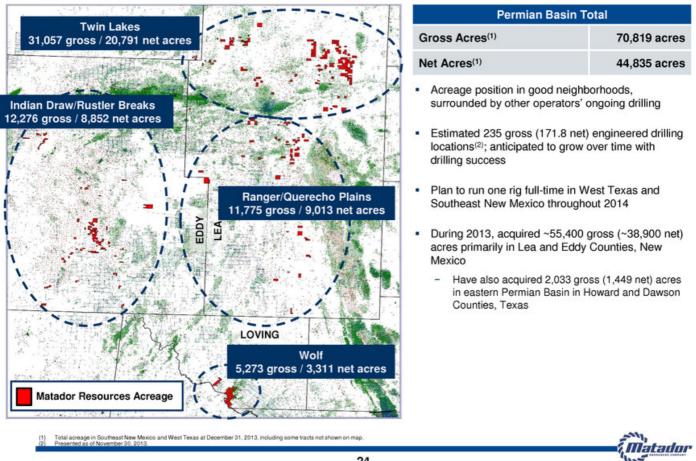
#### Key objectives of Permian Basin plan

- Further evaluate our acreage position and completion targets to define an expanded development program for 2015 and beyond
  - With success, prepare for potential multi-rig development program beginning in late 2014 or early 2015
- Leverage and transfer knowledge from Eagle Ford and Haynesville experience to improve operating efficiencies in the Permian Basin
- Continue to add to acreage position as opportunities arise, particularly in and near existing properties

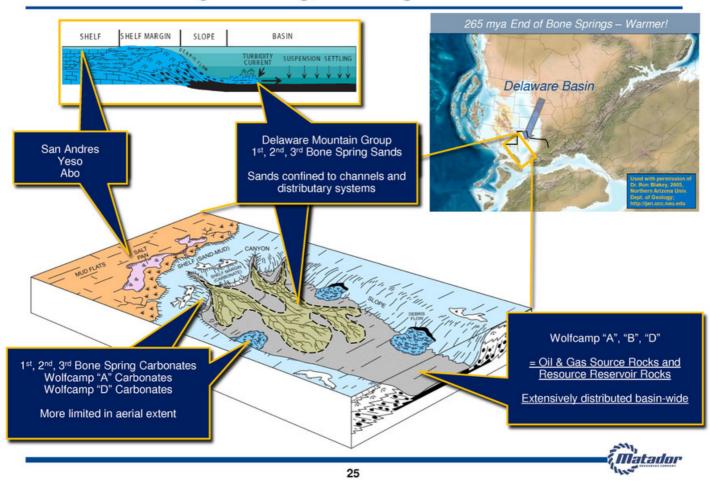


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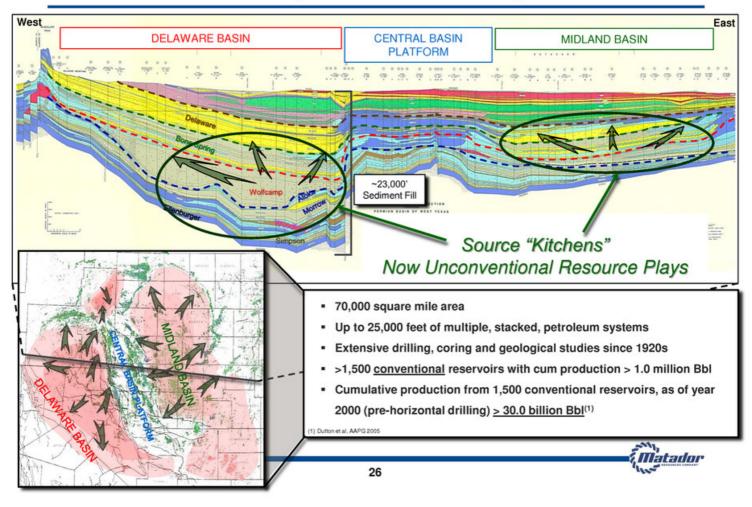
### **Permian Basin Acreage Position**



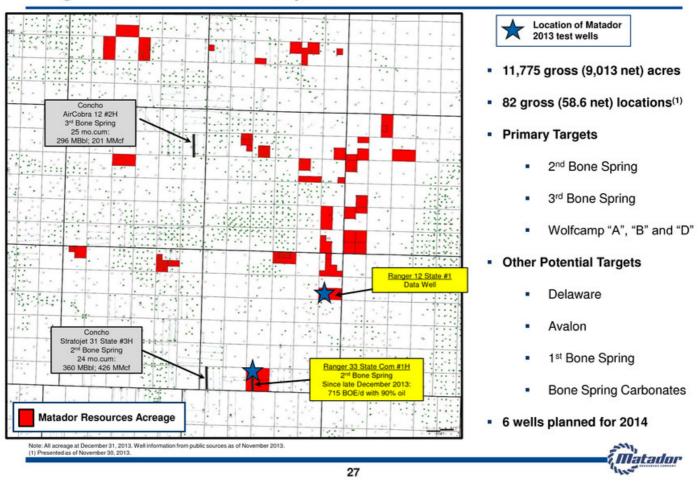
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# "Wolf-Bone" Geological Setting, Predicting Where the Better Rocks Are



### Permian Basin Petroleum Systems and the Wolfcamp "Kitchens"



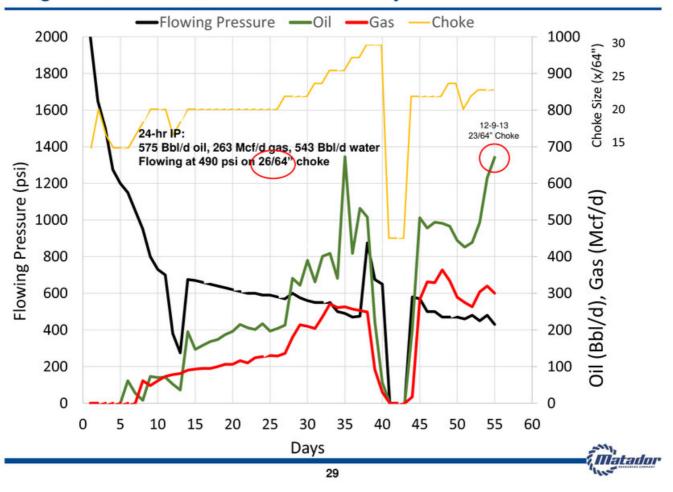
### **Ranger-Querecho Plains Prospect Area**

### Ranger 33 State Com #1H Frac Overview

Proppant Pumped(1) Fluid Volume Pumped 11,250 Bbl 11,250 Bbl ft.

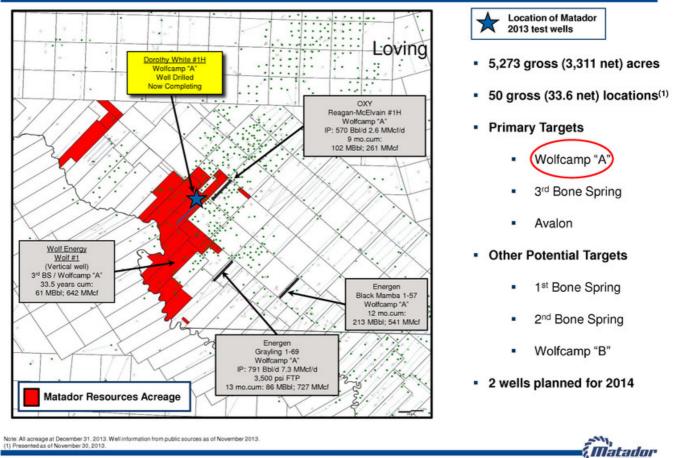
- 18 total stages
  - 450,000 lbs per stage
    - 400,000 lbs 30/50 white sand per stage
    - 50,000 lbs resin-coated sand tail-in per stage
- 50-ft spacing between clusters
- 5 clusters per stage





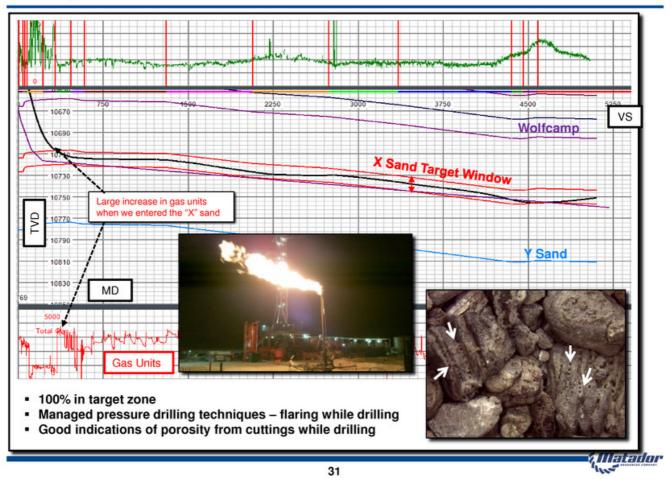
### Ranger 33 State Com #1H Production History

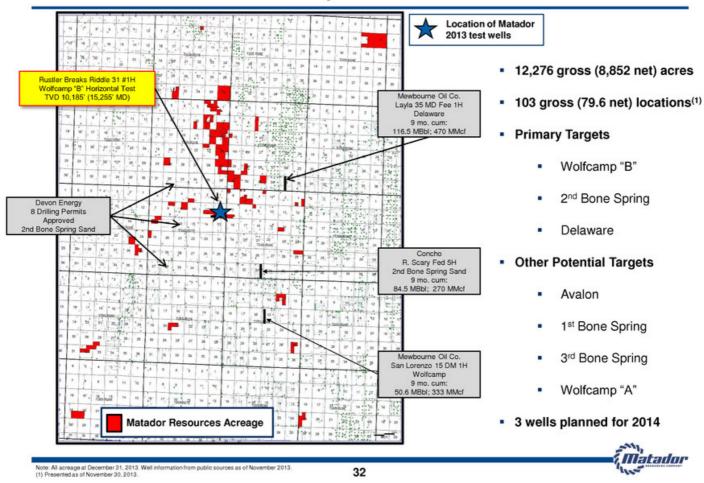
## **Wolf Prospect Area**



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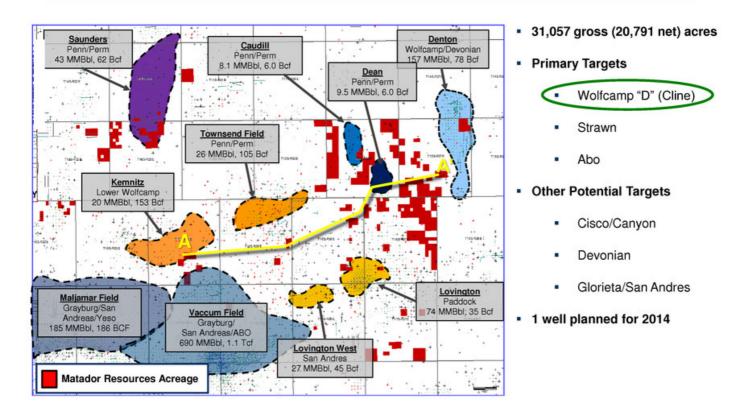
# Dorothy White #1H Horizontal Well Profile





# Indian Draw-Rustler Breaks Prospect Area

# **Twin Lakes Prospect Area**

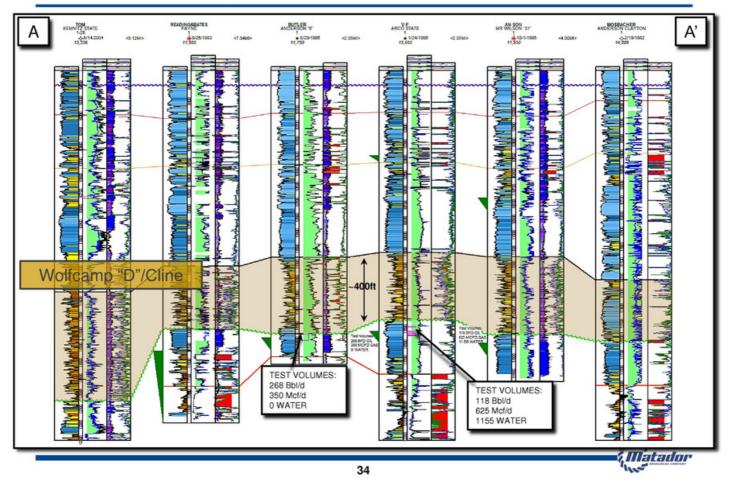


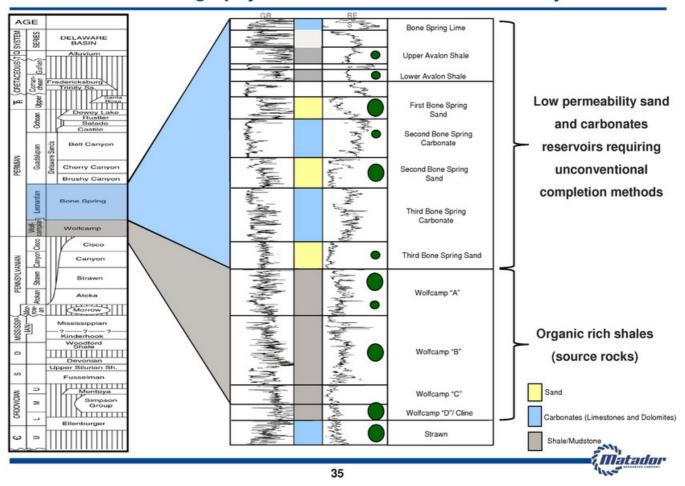
Note: All acreage at December 31, 2013. Well information from public sources as of November 2013.

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# **Twin Lakes Area Cross Section**





# Permian Basin Stratigraphy and Lower Permian Petroleum Systems

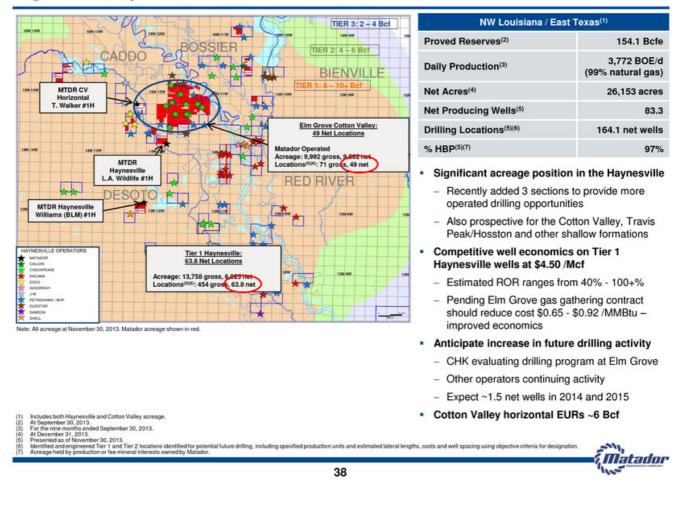


# **Haynesville and Other Natural Gas Operations**

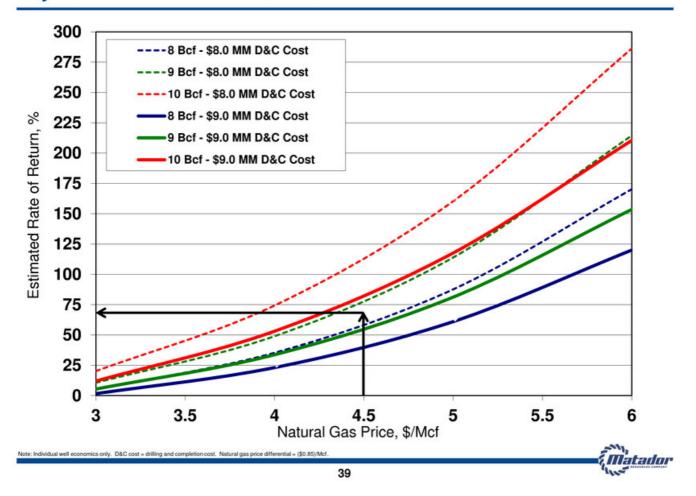
# 2014 Tier 1 Haynesville Shale Plan

- 2014 projected capital expenditures of ~\$12 million or about 3% of total
  - Estimated participation in 26 gross (1.5 net) non-operated wells, some already drilling in late 2013
  - 2014 capital plan includes no Matador operated Haynesville wells
  - Includes \$2.5 million for additional acreage acquisition as opportunities arise
- Haynesville/Cotton Valley acreage in Northwest Louisiana and East Texas is essentially all held by existing production
- Operational flexibility to drill operated Haynesville shale well(s) in 2014 should natural gas
  prices continue to improve, but no plans to do so at present time
- Completion of new gas gathering agreement in December 2013 for a portion of our Haynesville natural gas should reduce costs and improve pricing in 2014
- Haynesville/Cotton Valley continue to represent large "gas bank" providing significant and increasing value as natural gas prices improve above \$4.00/Mcf
  - Competitive well economics for Tier 1 Haynesville at \$4.50/Mcf and above, with estimated RORs of 40 to 100+%

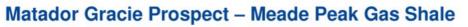


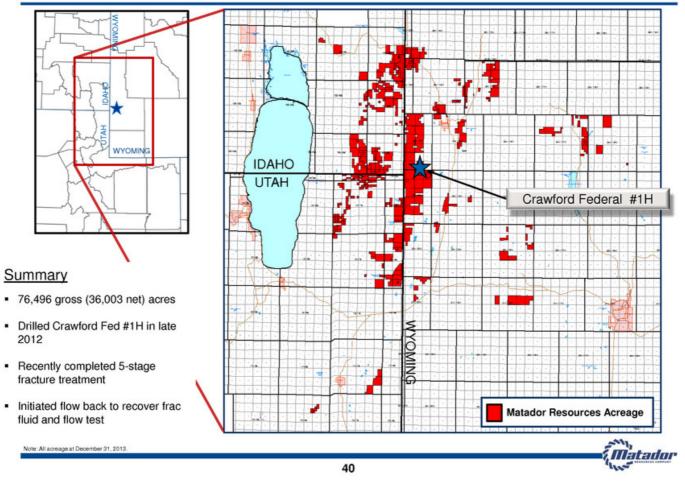


# **Significant Option Value on Natural Gas**



# Haynesville Well Economics – Tier 1 Area







# **2014 Capital Investment Plan**

## Summary and 2014 Guidance

- Continue 3-rig program in 2014 2 rigs in Eagle Ford and 1 rig in Permian
- Eagle Ford development will continue to be the major driver of our growth in 2014
- Permian drilling program designed to further evaluate our acreage position and define an expanded development plan for 2015 and beyond

	2013 Guidance <sup>(1)</sup>	2014 Guidance	% Increase
Capital Spending	\$370 million	\$440 million	~19%
Total Oil Production	2.0 to 2.1 million Bbl	2.8 to 3.1 million Bbl	~44%
Total Natural Gas Production	12.0 to 13.0 Bcf	13.5 to 15.0 Bcf	~14%
Oil and Natural Gas Revenues	\$250 to \$270 million <sup>(2)</sup>	\$325 to \$355 million <sup>(3)</sup>	~31%
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(4)</sup>	\$180 to \$190 million <sup>(2)</sup>	\$235 to \$265 million <sup>(3)</sup>	~35%

 As updated on November 6, 2013.
 Estimated 2013 oil and natural gas revenues and Adjusted EBITDA based upon production guidance range as updated on November 6, 2013. Guidance includes actual results for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and estimated results for the remainder of 2013. Estimated average realized prices for oil and natural gas used in these estimates were \$96.00 Bbl and \$4.30 Mdf, respectively, for the period October through December 2013.
 Estimated 2014 oil and natural gas revenues and Adjusted EBITDA at midpoint of production guidance range. Estimated average realized prices for oil and natural gas used in these estimates were \$96.00 Bbl and \$4.30 Mdf, respectively, for the period October through December 2013.
 Estimated 2014 oil and natural gas used in these estimates were \$95.00 Bbl and \$4.25 Mef, respectively, for the period December 2014.
 Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. For a definition of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to our net income (loss) and net cash provided by operating activities, see Appendix. Matador

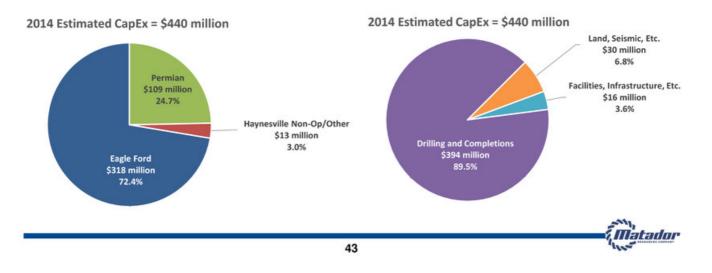


# 2014 Capital Investment Plan Summary

- Continue 3-rig program in 2014 2 rigs in Eagle Ford and 1 rig in Permian
- 2014 estimated capital expenditures of ~\$440 million

- Increase of ~19% from 2013 estimated capital expenditures of ~\$370 million

- Eagle Ford development will continue to be the major driver of our growth in 2014
- Permian drilling program designed to further evaluate our acreage position and define an expanded development plan for 2015 and beyond
- Haynesville development assumes only participation in non-operated wells



## 2014 Oil and Natural Gas Production Estimates

#### 2014E Oil Production

- Estimated oil production of 2.8 to 3.1 million barrels
- Increase of 40 to 50% from 2013, despite an average of 5 to 10% of oil production shut-in throughout 2014
- Oil production growth to over 9,000 Bbl/d by YE 2014
- Estimated 87% of oil production from Eagle Ford and 13% from Permian in 2014
- Quarterly production growth will continue to be somewhat variable, but expected to be less so than in 2013
  - Timing effects due to batch drilling, shut-ins due to offset fracturing operations, etc.

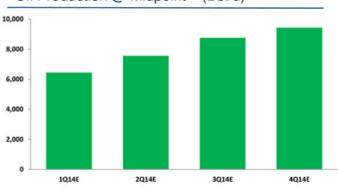
#### 2014E Natural Gas Production

- Estimated natural gas production of 13.5 to 15.0 Bcf
- Increase of ~14% from 2013, due primarily to participation in additional Haynesville non-op wells
- Estimated 50% of natural gas production from Haynesville and Cotton Valley, 43% from Eagle Ford and 7% from Permian in 2014
- Uplift of \$2.00 to \$2.50/Mcf due to NGLs

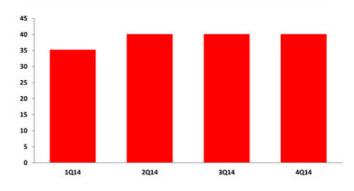
(1) Estimated quarterly average oil and natural gas production at midpoint of 2014 guidance range.

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Natural Gas Production @ Midpoint<sup>(1)</sup> (MMcf/d)



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# 2014 Financial Estimates

#### 2014E Revenues and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

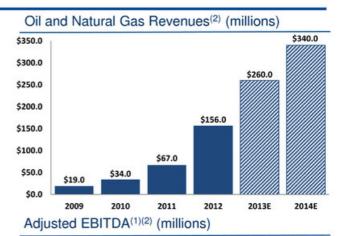
- Revenues and Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)(2)</sup> growth impacted by lower . 2014 realized oil price estimate
  - 2014 realized oil price of \$95/Bbl vs ~\$100/Bbl realized in 2013
  - 2014 realized natural gas price of \$4.25/Mcf similar to 2013
- Estimated oil and natural gas revenues of \$325 to \$355 million
  - Increase of ~31% from estimated \$250 to \$270 million in 2013
- Estimated Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)(2)</sup> of \$235 to \$265 million
  - Increase of ~35% from estimated \$180 to \$190 million in 2013
- 2014 production and revenue composition
  - Estimated 55% oil by volume, approaching 60% by YE 2014
  - Estimated 82% oil by revenue, approaching 85% by YE 2014 -

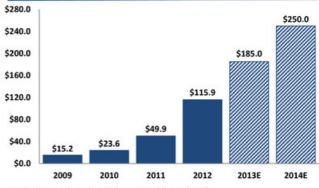
#### 2014E Operating Costs

- Estimated average unit costs per BOE
  - Production taxes/marketing = \$5.00
  - Lease operating = \$8.00
  - G&A = \$4.75 \_
  - Operating cash costs, excluding interes = \$17.75; compared to ~\$19.00 in 2013
  - Costs vary +/- 5% over course of year
  - DD&A = \$25.00

en of Adjusted EBITDA to cur net (loss) incom-as updated on November 6, 2013. Guidance includes actu-as updated on November 6, 2013. Guidance includes actu-as updated on November 6, 2013. Guidance includes actu-s of the second se - υνακ = φε3,υν
(1) Adjusted EBITDA is a non-GAAP financial measure. For a definition of Adjusted EBITDA and a reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to our net (loss) income and net cash provided by operating activities, see Appendix.
(2) Estimated 2013 oil and natural gas revenues and Adjusted EBITDA based upon production guidance range as updated on November 6, 2013. Guidance includes actual results for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and estimated results for the remainder of 2013. Estimated average realized prices for oil and natural gas used in these estimates were \$96.00 Bbl and \$4.30 Mcl, respectively, for the period October through December 2013. Estimated 2014 oil and natural gas used in these estimated average realized prices for oil and natural gas used in these estimated average realized prices for oil and natural gas used in these estimates were \$96.00 Bbl and \$4.30 Mcl, respectively, for the period January through December 2014. d by o ndix. https://www.sec.org/10.1013







Matador

# **Oil/Liquids Focus Continues to Drive 2014 Growth**

	2014 Anticipated Drilling			2014 Anticipa	2014E CapEx			
	Gross Wells <sup>(2)</sup>	Net Well		Gross Wells <sup>(2)</sup>	Net Wells <sup>(2)</sup>		(in millions)	
	Total	Total	%	Total	Total	%	Total	%
outh Texas								
Eagle Ford	49	46.0	78.4%	42	39.0	78.3%	\$300.1	68.2%
Buda	1	1.0	1.7%	1	1.0	2.0%	\$4.8	1.1%
Facilities/Pipelines/Etc.	-	-	-		-		\$6.0	1.4%
Land/Seismic/Etc.			-	-	-		\$7.5	1.7%
Area Total	50	47.0	80.1%	43	40.0	80.3%	\$318.4	72.4%
est Texas/Southeast New Mexico								
Bone Spring/Wolfcamp	12	9.8	16.7%	10	8.3	16.7%	\$78.6	17.9%
Facilities/Pipelines/Etc.	-	-	-	-	-	-	\$10.0	2.3%
Land/Seismic/Etc.	$\frown$		-		-		\$20.0	4.5%
Area Total	12	9.8	16.7%	10	8.3	16.7%	\$108.6	24.7%
orthwest Louisiana							(2)	
Haynesville Shale	26	1.5	2.6%	26	1.5	3.0%	\$9.5 <sup>(3)</sup>	2.2%
and/Seismic/Etc.		-	-	· · · ·	-	-	\$2.5	0.5%
Area Total	26	1.5	2.6%	26	1.5	3.0%	\$12.0	2.7%
outhwest Wyoming								
Meade Peak Shale	1	0.4	0.7%	<u> </u>		-	\$1.0	0.2%
tal	89	58.7	100.0%	79	49.8	100.0%	\$440.0	00.0%

• 97% of our 2014 capital investments directed toward oil and liquids-rich targets

Some wells drilled in late 2014 will not be completed and turned to sales until early 2015. As a result, they do not contribute to our estimated oil and natural gas production volumes for 2014.
 Includes Matador operated and non-operated wells.
 A portion of the CapEx associated with these wells is expected to be incurred in 2013, as some wells were already being drilled at December 12, 2013.
 A portion of the CapEx associated with these wells is expected to be incurred in 2013, as some wells were already being drilled at December 12, 2013.

# Funding for 2014 Capital Investment Plan

- Anticipate funding 2014 capital expenditures through operating cash flows and borrowings under revolving credit facility
  - 2.4 million barrels of oil (80 to 85% of estimated oil production) hedged for 2014, protecting cash flows below ~\$88/Bbl oil price
- Simple capital structure; no high-yield debt or convertibles on balance sheet
- Strong liquidity position with current Debt/Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> ~1.1x at December 31, 2013
- Flexibility to manage liquidity
  - Most drilling is operated and no significant non-operated drilling obligations
  - \$30 million estimated for discretionary land/seismic acquisitions
  - No long-term drilling rig or service contract commitments



# **Credit Agreement Status**

- Strong, supportive bank group led by RBC
- Borrowing base at \$350 million, based on June 30, 2013 reserves
- Borrowings outstanding of \$200 million at December 31, 2013
- Ability to request quarterly borrowing base increases with growth in oil and natural gas reserves throughout 2014, as needed

	TIER	Borrowing Base Utilization	LIBOR Margin	BASE Margin	Commitment Fee
	Tier One	x < 25%	175 bps	75 bps	37.5 bps
	Tier Two	25% < or = x < 50%	200 bps	100 bps	37.5 bps
(	Tier Three	50% < or = x < 75%	225 bps	125 bps	50 bps
	Tier Four	75% < or = x < 90%	250 bps	150 bps	50 bps
	Tier Five	90% < or = x < 100%	275 bps	175 bps	50 bps
	Tier Six	100% < or = x < 110%	325 bps	225 bps	50 bps
	Tier Seven	x = or > 110%	400 bps	300 bps	50 bps

Financial covenants

- Minimum current ratio of not less than 1.0:1.0, with current ratio first tested at June 30, 2014

- Maximum Total Debt to Adjusted EBITDA<sup>(1)</sup> Ratio of not more than 4.0:1.0



## 2014 Hedging Profile

- 2.4 million barrels of oil hedged for 2014 at weighted average floor and ceiling of \$88/Bbl(1) and \$99/Bbl(1), respectively
- 11.7 Bcf of natural gas hedged at weighted average floor and ceiling of \$3.44/MMBtu<sup>(2)</sup> and \$4.96/MMBtu<sup>(2)</sup>, respectively
- 7.6 million gallons of natural gas liquids hedged at weighted average price of \$1.25/gal(3)

2014
2,414,000 Bbl
\$99.00 /Bbl
2,414,000 Bbl
\$87.61 /Bbl
2014
11.7 Bcf
\$4.96 /MMBtu
11.7 Bcf
\$3.44 /MMBtu
2014
<b>2014</b> 7,644,000 gal

NYMEX West Texas Intermediate oil futures. NYMEX Henry Hub natural gas futures. Mont Belvieu Spot Gas Liquids prices: NON-TET prop. (1) (2) (3)

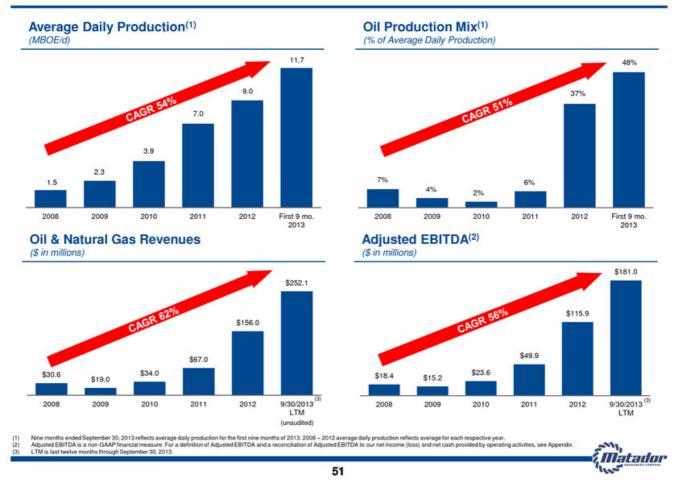
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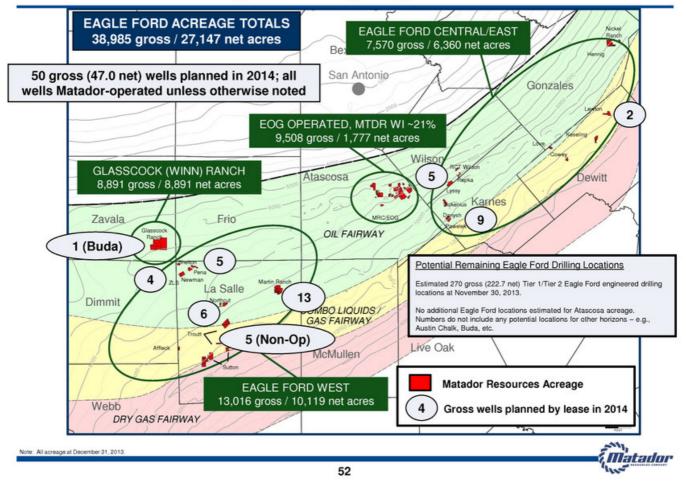


# Appendix

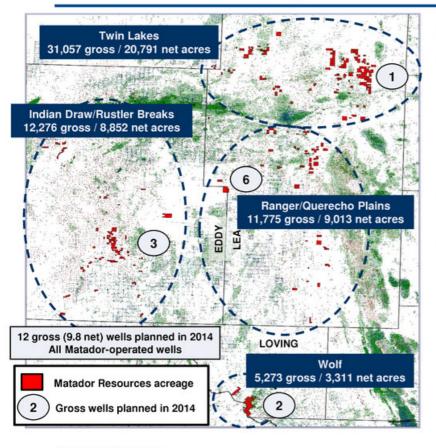
# **Matador's Continued Growth**



# 2014 South Texas Drilling Plan – 2-Rig Program



# 2014 Permian Basin Drilling Plan



### 2014 Drilling Plan Highlights

- Estimated capital expenditures of ~\$109 million, including ~\$30 million for land/seismic and facilities
- 12 gross (9.8 net) wells planned for 2014, with 10 gross (8.3 net) wells turned to sales
- Ranger/Querecho Plains
  - 6 gross (4.5 net) wells testing 1<sup>st</sup>, 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> Bone Spring and Wolfcamp D targets
- Indian Draw/Rustler Breaks
  - 3 gross (2.5 net) wells testing 2<sup>nd</sup> Bone Spring and Wolfcamp B targets
- Wolf
  - 2 gross (1.8 net) wells testing Wolfcamp A
- Twin Lakes
  - 1 gross (1.0 net) well targeting Wolfcamp D
  - Pilot hole budgeted to gather detailed logs, whole core, etc.

Note: All acreage at December 31, 2013.



# Board of Directors and Special Board Advisors – Expertise and Stewardship

Professional Experience	Business Expertise
<ul> <li>Professor Emeritus and Former Head of Dept. of Petroleum Engineering, Texas A&amp;M University</li> <li>Founder and Former President, S.A. Holditch &amp; Associates</li> <li>Past President of Society of Petroleum Engineers</li> </ul>	Oil and Gas Operations
<ul> <li>Past Chairman, Amtrak Board of Directors</li> <li>Former Partner, Jackson Walker LLP</li> </ul>	Law and Investments
- President and CEO, Toot'n Totum Food Stores	Petroleum Retailing
- Retired VP and General Manager, Unocal Indonesia	Oil and Gas Operations
- Partner, Berens Capital Management	International Business and Finance
<ul> <li>Chairman of the Board, Triumph Bancorp, Inc.</li> <li>Retired President and CEO, Interstate Battery System International, Inc.</li> <li>Director and Audit Chair, Cinemark Holdings, Inc.</li> </ul>	
<ul> <li>Retired VP and General Counsel, BJ Services Co.</li> <li>Former Partner, Andrews Kurth LLP</li> </ul>	Law and Corporate Governance
<ul> <li>Retired President, ARCO International</li> <li>Former President, Shell Pecten International</li> <li>Past President of American Association of Petroleum Geologists</li> </ul>	Oil and Gas Exploration
- Managing Member, Cleveland Capital Management, LLC - Former EVP Capital Markets, Matador Resources Company - Formerly with KeyBanc Capital Markets and RBC Capital Markets	
<ul> <li>Former Chairman, Amarillo Economic Development Corporation</li> <li>Law Firm of Gibson, Ochsner &amp; Adkins</li> </ul>	Law, Accounting and Real Estate Development
- Retired President, DeGolyer and MacNaughton (Worldwide Petroleum Consultants)	Oil and Gas Executive Management
	<ul> <li>Professor Emeritus and Former Head of Dept. of Petroleum Engineering, Texas A&amp;M University Founder and Former President, S.A. Holditch &amp; Associates</li> <li>Past President of Society of Petroleum Engineers</li> <li>Past Chairman, Amtrak Board of Directors</li> <li>Former Partner, Jackson Walker LLP</li> <li>President and CEO, Toot'n Totum Food Stores</li> <li>Retired VP and General Manager, Unocal Indonesia</li> <li>Partner, Berens Capital Management</li> <li>Chairman of the Board, Triumph Bancorp, Inc.</li> <li>Retired President and CEO, Interstate Battery System International, Inc.</li> <li>Director and Audit Chair, Cinemark Holdings, Inc.</li> <li>Retired VP and General Counsel, BJ Services Co.</li> <li>Former Partner, Andrews Kurth LLP</li> <li>Retired President, ARCO International</li> <li>Former President of American Association of Petroleum Geologists</li> <li>Managing Member, Cleveland Capital Management, LLC</li> <li>Former EVP Capital Markets, Matador Resources Company</li> <li>Former IVP Capital Markets, Matador Resources Company</li> <li>Former IVP Capital Markets, Matador Resources Company</li> <li>Former IVP Capital Markets, Matador Resources Company</li> <li>Former Chairman, Amarillo Economic Development Corporation</li> <li>Law Firm of Gibson, Ochsner &amp; Adkins</li> </ul>

# Proven Management Team – Experienced Leadership

Management Team		Background and Prior Affiliations	Industry Experience	Matador Experience
<b>Joseph Wm. Foran</b> Founder, Chairman and CEO	3	Matador Petroleum Corporation, Foran Oil Company and James Cleo Thompson Jr.	33 years	Since Inception
Matthew V. Hairford President		Samson, Sonat, Conoco	29 years	Since 2004
David E. Lancaster EVP, COO and CFO	2	Schlumberger, S.A. Holditch & Associates, Inc., Diamond Shamrock	34 years	Since 2003
David F. Nicklin Executive Director of Exploration	-	ARCO, Senior Geological Assignments in UK, Norway, Indonesia, China and the Middle East	42 years	Since 2007
<b>Craig N. Adams</b> EVP – Land & Legal		Baker Botts L.L.P., Thompson & Knight LLP	20 years	Since 2012
Bradley M. Robinson VP and CTO	5	Schlumberger, S.A. Holditch & Associates, Inc., Marathon	36 years	Since Inception
<b>Ryan C. London</b> VP and General Manager		Matador Resources Company (Began as intern)	9 years	Since 2004
Billy E. Goodwin VP of Drilling	÷	Samson, Conoco	29 years	Since 2010
<b>Van H. Singleton, II</b> VP of Land	-	Southern Escrow & Title, VanBrannon & Associates	17 years	Since 2007
<b>G. Gregg Krug</b> VP of Marketing	ā	Williams Companies, Samson, Unit Corporation	30 years	Since 2005
Sandra K. Fendley VP and CAO	-	J-W Midstream, Crosstex Energy	22 years	Since 2013
Kathryn L. Wayne Controller and Treasurer	-	Matador Petroleum Corporation, Mobil	28 years	Since Inception
		55		- illatadoi

# Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation

This investor presentation includes the non-GAAP financial measure of Adjusted EBITDA. Adjusted EBITDA is a supplemental non-GAAP financial measure that is used by management and external users of consolidated financial statements, such as industry analysts, investors, lenders and rating agencies. "GAAP" means Generally Accepted Accounting Principles in the United States of America. The Company believes Adjusted EBITDA helps it evaluate its operating performance and compare its results of operations from period to period without regard to its financing methods or capital structure. The Company defines Adjusted EBITDA as earnings before interest expense, income taxes, depletion, depreciation and amortization, accretion of asset retirement obligations, property impairments, unrealized derivative gains and losses, certain other non-cash items and non-cash stock-based compensation expense, and net gain or loss on asset sales and inventory impairment. Adjusted EBITDA is not a measure of net income (loss) or net cash provided by operating activities as determined by GAAP.

Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to, or more meaningful than, net income (loss) or net cash provided by operating activities as determined in accordance with GAAP or as an indicator of the Company's operating performance or liquidity. Certain items excluded from Adjusted EBITDA are significant components of understanding and assessing a company's financial performance, such as a company's cost of capital and tax structure. Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of another company because all companies may not calculate Adjusted EBITDA in the same manner. The following table presents the calculation of Adjusted EBITDA and the reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to the GAAP financial measures of net income (loss) and net cash provided by operating activities, respectively, that are of a historical nature. Where references are forward-looking or prospective in nature, and not based on historical fact, the table does not provide a reconciliation. The Company could not provide such reconciliation without undue hardship because the forward-looking Adjusted EBITDA numbers included in this investor presentation are estimations, approximations and/or ranges. In addition, it would be difficult for the Company to present a detailed reconciliation on account of many unknown variables for the reconciling items.

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# **Adjusted EBITDA Reconciliation**

The following table presents our calculation of Adjusted EBITDA and reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA to the GAAP financial measures of net income (loss) and net cash provided by operating activities, respectively.

		Ye	ear Ended D	ecember 3	31,		Nine Months Ended	LTM at
(In thousands)	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	9/30/2013	9/30/2013
Unaudited Adjusted EBITDA reconciliation to								
Net Income (Loss):								
Net (loss) income	(\$300)	\$103,878	(\$14,425)	\$6,377	(\$10,309)	(\$33,261)	\$29,720	\$8,532
Interest expense				3	683	1,002	4,919	5,468
Total income tax provision (benefit)	-	20,023	(9,925)	3,521	(5,521)	(1,430)	2,641	2,453
Depletion, depreciation and amortization	7,889	12,127	10,743	15,596	31,754	80,454	74,593	102,248
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	70	92	137	155	209	256	248	334
Full-cost ceiling impairment	-	22,195	25,244		35,673	63,475	21,229	47,903
Unrealized loss (gain) on derivatives	211	(3,592)	2,375	(3, 139)	(5,138)	4,802	6,626	10,279
Stock-based compensation expense	220	665	656	898	2,406	140	2,763	3,126
Net (gain) loss on asset sales and inventory impairment		(136,977)	379	224	154	485	192	617
Adjusted EBITDA	\$8,090	\$18,411	\$15,184	\$23,635	\$49,911	\$115,923	\$142,931	\$180,960
		Ye	ear Ended D	ecember 3	31,		Nine Months Ended	LTM at
(In thousands)	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	9/30/2013	9/30/2013
Unaudited Adjusted EBITDA reconciliation to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:								
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$7.881	\$25,851	\$1,791	\$27,273	\$61,868	\$124,228	\$127,192	\$171.095
Net change in operating assets and liabilities	209	(17,888)	15,717	(2.230)	(12,594)		9,840	3.605
Interest expense	-			3	683	1,002	4,919	5,468
Current income tax provision (benefit)		10,448	(2,324)	(1,411)	(46)		980	792
Adjusted EBITDA	\$8,090	\$18,411	\$15,184	\$23,635	\$49,911	\$115,923	\$142,931	\$180,960

Note: LTM is last 12 months through Septem	ber 30, 2013.
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### **PV-10 Reconciliation**

PV-10 is a non-GAAP financial measure and generally differs from Standardized Measure, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure, because it does not include the effects of income taxes on future net revenues. PV-10 is not an estimate of the fair market value of the Company's properties. Matador and others in the industry use PV-10 as a measure to compare the relative size and value of proved reserves held by companies and of the potential return on investment related to the companies' properties without regard to the specific tax characteristics of such entities. The PV-10 at September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2011 were, in millions, \$538.6 and \$155.2 respectively, and may be reconciled to the Standardized Measure of discounted future net cash flows at such dates by reducing PV-10 by the discounted future income taxes associated with such reserves. The discounted future income taxes at September 30, 2013 and September 30, 2011 were, in millions, \$52.5 and \$11.8 respectively.



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